# Gunther von Hagens' BODY WORLDS

The Original Exhibition



# (A)

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

The following worksheets are mostly grouped according to the major systems of the body, just as the BODY WORLDS exhibition is.

Complete these questions as you tour through the exhibition.

Questions can be answered by reading the text, observing the specimens and others will require that you draw conclusions from your tour of the exhibition and personal experience.

Be sure to read the questions carefully so that you can eliminate answers that are incorrect. If you can't find the correct answer, mark it for discussion with your class at a later time.



# **SKELETAL** SYSTEM

1.	The smallest bor	nes in the body are	) IO	cated in the			<u> </u>
	a 🔲 nose	b 🗋 ear	С	☐ fingers	d	☐ toes	
2.		several roles in the owing is not a func		•			
	a protecting in c body suppor	=		☐ deposit of m☐ filtering harn			m the body
3.	The human hand	l has an equal nun	nbe	er of bones and	l mı	uscles.	
	a <b>□ true</b>	b 🗖 false					
4.	How much does	an adult's skeleto	n v	veigh?			
	a about 2 kg (5	pounds) eight of the body		☐ 7 to 9 kg (15-☐ about 45 kg (	-	•	
5.		cell production site st bone, ribs, shou			elv	is.	bones
	a 🔲 large	b 🔲 small	С	☐ flat	d	☐ long	
6.	Cartilage is one	of the tissues of the	e b	ody that is not	sup	oplied with b	lood.
	a 🗖 true	b 🗖 false					
7.	The spine norma	Illy has how many	ver	tebrae?			
	a 🔲 13	b <b>23</b>	С	□ 33	d	□ 34	

# **SKELETAL** SYSTEM

8.	Which joint bares the most we	eight in the boo	dy?		
	a <b>shoulder</b> b <b>hip</b>	c 🗖 knee	d 🗖 ankle		
9.	Ball-and-socket joints include	the following:			
	a ☐ neck and spine c ☐ ankle and knee		and finger and shoulder		
10.	Arthritis is most common in the	nose who are:			
	a ☐ over the age of 50 c ☐ overly active	b □ove d □a&	erweight b (over age of 50 a	and overweight)	
11.	What are the three bones that	t make up the	shoulder joint?		
	a  the collarbone, the shoulded the the clavicle, the scapula are both a. & b. since they reference.	nd the humerus			

# **MUSCULAR** SYSTEM

1.	When a muscle	contracts it	,	
	a 🔲 shortens	b 🗖 relaxes	c lengthens	d 🔲 softens
2.	There are more t	:han 620	muscles	s in the body.
	a 🔲 involuntary	b 🔲 voluntary	c 🗖 total	d 🔲 arm and leg
3.	Muscles convert	energy into move	ement.	
	a 🗖 true	b 🔲 false		
4.	Muscle performa	ance gradually de	clines beginning a	around the age of
	a 🔲 15	b 🔲 30	c 🔲 45	d <b>40</b>
5.	What do tendons	s do?		
	a  connect bon		_	
	c connect mus	on and lubricate joi scles to bones	nts	
6.	Which of the follo	owing is true abou	ut muscles?	
		ncreased by 15-20°		
	b lathey are pre-	determined in size		
	c I they are all a		ral size through exc	ercise
	a Liney can dod	tilen matu	.a. Size till bugli ext	0.0.00

# **MUSCULAR** SYSTEM

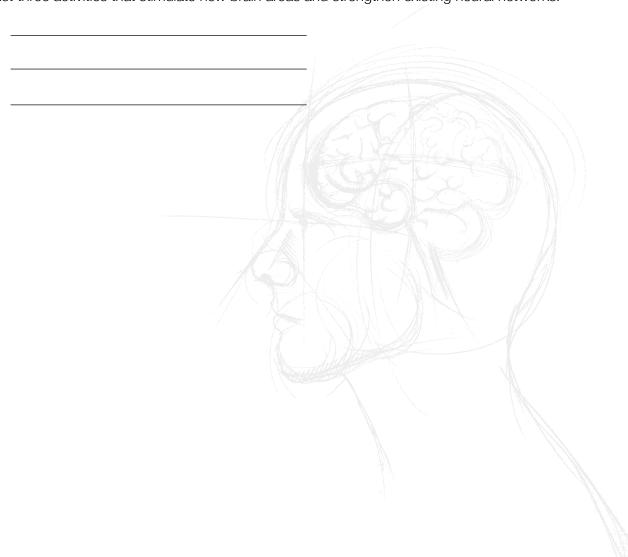
7.	Which is true about voluntary and involuntary muscles?
	<ul> <li>a □ Voluntary muscles cannot be controlled, while involuntary muscles can.</li> <li>b □ Involuntary muscles and voluntary muscles can be controlled.</li> <li>c □ Voluntary muscles can be controlled, while involuntary muscles cannot be.</li> <li>d □ Involuntary muscles do not exist in adults, all adult muscles are voluntary.</li> </ul>
8.	Muscles are not used in which of the following activities
	a  breathing b moving c seeing d thinking
9.	Males have more muscle mass than females
	a  true  b false
10.	Take a moment to describe which plastinates you felt best displayed the muscular system.

# **NERVOUS** SYSTEM

1.	The brain and spinal cord make u	p the
	a ☐ central nervous system c ☐ peripheral nervous system	b nervous system d upper body
2.	The brain makes up of or	of our total body weight, ur bloody supply.
	a ☐ 20% and 2%, respectively c ☐ 3% and 30%, respectively	
3.	In terms of evolutionary brain deve	elopment, the is one of the oldest parts
	a cerebellum c brainstem	b spinal column d corpus callosum
4.	Which part of the brain controls of	our movement?
	a cerebrum b thalamus	c □ cerebellum d □ corpus callosum
5.	During a severe brain hemorrhage	e blood pours into the cerebral matter.
	a ltrue b lfalse	
6.	Regular exercise stimulates the br	ain.
	a ltrue b lfalse	
7.	The	is the largest part of the brain.
	a	b cerebrum d corpus callosum

# **NERVOUS** SYSTEM

8.	Nerve cells can trav	el at speeds of up to	·	
	a <b>Q 8 km/h</b> (5 mph)	b <b>30 km/h</b> (50 mph)	c <b>400 km/h</b> (250 mph)	d <b>300 km/h</b> (500 mph)
9.	Nerve fibers origina	te directly		·
	a  from in the brain b from in the spin c from either the b			
10	List three activities t	that stimulate new brain	areas and strengthen exis	sting neural networks



# **RESPIRATORY SYSTEM**

1.	Tar and soot par	ticles from cigaret	te smoke form de	posits in the	tissue.
	a 🔲 skin	b <b>pulmonary</b>	c umuscle	d 🖵 cardiovascular	
2.	Every minute, ab	out pin	ts of air pass into	the lungs.	
	-	b <b>1</b> 5		-	
3.	Breathing is an e	xchange process	of oxvaen and ca	rbon dioxide.	
O.	a ☐ true		or oxygon and oa		
4	The thyroid is a d	aland in the neck t	hat produces		
				d 🔲 all of the above	<u> </u>
5	Nigotino raigos th	no lovels of a nouve	atranomittor collec	N donomino	
5.	a ltrue	ne levels of a neuro	oransmitter Callet	и франтите	
•	Fools lynn contai	ns		oh o oli	
6.	a <b>300 to 450</b>		b <b>300-450</b> tho	usand	
	c <b>□</b> 300-450 milli	on	d <b>300-450 bill</b> i	ion	
7.	The bronchial pa	ssages of the lung	gs lead to clusters	of tiny air sacs called	
	a 🔲 alveoli	b 🗖 tracheas	c capillaries	d <b>\( \)</b> bronchial trees	
8.	What causes dee	epening of the void	ce in puberty, par	ticularly in males?	
	b larynx sh	owing larger and thi rinking and getting disease as a child pollution			

# **RESPIRATORY** SYSTEM

9.	Studies show the	al C	ii aii deaths cause	a by neart disease are rela	ied to smoking.
	a <b>🔲 10%</b>	b <b>15%</b>	с 🔲 20%	d <b>_150%</b>	
10.	Lung cancer is _			_ common in smokers than	n non-smokers.
	a 10 times less b equaly c 10 times mor	e common			
11.	The chemicals in from repairing D	•	re increase mutation	on rates and inhibit cells	
	a 🗖 true	b <b>_</b> false			
12.	Nicotine raises that a ☐ true		urotransmitter call	ed dopamine	
13.	The effects of sm	noking are:			
	a skin wrinkles b accelerating c weakening o d increasing the all of the abo	our aging proces ur immune syste ne risk for diseas	m	heart attack, stroke, and eye	diseases
14.	Which of these fa	acts is NOT true	9?		
		vels at a speed o	ist he same size as f about 145 km/h (96 our right lung.		

# **CARDIOVASCULAR** SYSTEM

1.	The size of the heart is roughly that of our fist and weighs approximately
	a <b>Goog</b> (2 oz.) b <b>Goog</b> (5 oz.) c <b>Goog</b> (11 oz.) d <b>Goog</b> (21 oz.)
2.	The network of arteries, veins, and capillaries is extraordinarily dense. In an adult, this network is more than long.
	a ☐ 15 metres (600 inches) b ☐ 200 metres (600 feet) c ☐ 9.656 kilometres (6.000 miles) d ☐ 96.500 kilometres (60.000 miles)
3.	Cardiovascular diseases are the number one cause of death globally. According to the World Health Organization (WHO) more than people die of heart disease every year.
	a 500.000 b 9 million c 17 million d 23 million
4.	Which of these is not true?  a    Your heart beats around 70 times a minute. b    The heart it the biggest organ in your body. c    Your heart pumps a cup full of blood every time it beats.
5.	In an adult normal blood pressure at rest is considered to be
	a under 120/80 mmHg b over 120/80 mmHg
6.	Our heart is the only muscle that does not grow with exercise.
	a ltrue b lfalse
7.	Causes of an enlarged heart may include which of the following:
	a

# **CARDIOVASCULAR** SYSTEM

8.	The heart sits tuc	ked between			
	a  the stomach a			the lungs the ribs	
9.		attacks go undiagnosed, becaused to seeing depicted in the mo			
	a 🗖 true	b  alse			
10.	"Smoker's leg" is	a common term for severe perip	oheral arte	rial occlusive disease.	
	a 🗖 true	b  alse			
11.	ab	iovascular diseases shown in the			
12.	The two chambers a latrue	rs at the bottom of your heart ar	re called ve	entricles.	
13.	Which of the follo	wing is true:			
IOA	a  The pulmonal b  Veins lead to	ry vein carries oxygen-rich blood to the body from the heart. carry oxygen-rich blood.	o the heart.		

# DIGESTIVE SYSTEM & EXCRETORY SYSTEM

1.	The stomach is a hollow, muscular organ, capable of holding of food and liquids.
	a
2.	Most digestion occurs in
	a
3.	To enlarge the area available for nutrient absorption, the small intestine has ring-shaped folds and a dense network of finger-shaped villi that
	a ☐ are each 1 mm (0.04 inches) in length c ☐ are tiny finger-shaped projections b ☐ act like bristles of a microscopic brush d ☐ all of the above
4.	Water and vitamins are absorbed in the large intestine.
	a ltrue b lfalse
5.	The pancreas secretes two hormones they are:
	a ☐ testosterone and estrogen b ☐ insulin and glucagon c ☐ oxytocin and cortisol
6.	The liver is the largest organ in the body.
	a ltrue b lfalse
7.	The is the largest and heaviest organ of the body.
	a liver b heart c skin d stomach

# DIGESTIVE SYSTEM & EXCRETORY SYSTEM

8.	Liver cells produ	ıce 0,75 to 1,25 l	itres (1,6-2,6 pints	) of	each day.	
	a 🖵 bile	b 🔲 blood	c 🔲 urine	d 🔲 waste		
9.	Excess alcohol i	intake causes		to accumulate in	liver cells.	
	a 🖵 blood	b 🖵 bile	c 🗖 fat	d 🔲 protein		
10.	Melanomas are	a benign form of	skin cancer.			
	a 🗖 true	b 🗖 false				
11.	Factors that can	tip the balance	in favor of weight	gain include:		
	a our genetic b overeating	makeup				
	c lack of phys	<del>-</del>				
12.	Overweight and	obesity are linke	ed to more death v	worldwide than under	weight.	
	a 🔲 true	b 🗖 false				
13.	The body's total	blood volume flo	ows through the k	idneys around	per hour.	
	a <b>_ once</b>	b 🔲 five times	c len times	d 🔲 fifteen times		
14.		a is about 20 cm rethra is about	(8 inches) long.	m long.		
	a <b>4 cm</b> (1,5 inc c <b>10 cm</b> (4 inch	•	b <b>3 cm</b> (3 ind d <b>3 also 20 cm</b>	1		

# REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM & FETAL DEVELOPMENT

1.			nely coiled tubes, on cells mature every	called seminiferous tubules, day?	
	a 🔲 1 million	b 🔲 100 million	c 300 million	d 🔲 1 billion	
2	The prootete gla	nd is roughly the	oizo of o		
2.	rne prostate giai	na is roughly the	size oi a		
	a 🖵 pea	b 🔲 chestnut	c 🔲 golf ball	d 🔲 tennis ball	
3.	What is the mos	t common form o	f cancer in women	?	
	a 🔲 lung	b 🔲 ovarian	c 🔲 breast	d 🔲 skin	
4.	A woman's egg	cells develop thro	ughout her life.		
	a 🗖 true	b 🔲 false			
5.	After only four w	eeks, an embryo	already has develo	ped the following:	
	a a heart and e	=			
	c all of the abo	eginnings of arms a ove	and legs)		
	d none of the a	above			
6.	After the eighth v	week of pregnanc	y, the developing o	child is called a	
	a 🖵 embryo	b 🔲 fetus	c 🖵 baby	d 🔲 infant	

# REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM & FETAL DEVELOPMENT

7.	In the fourth month of pregnancy the	ne following organs develop
	a ☐ kidneys c ☐ large and small intestines	b liver and pancreas d all of the above
8.	The placenta exists only during pre	egnancy.
	a 🗖 true b 🖵 false	
9.	Twins that share the same genetic	code are known as identical or
	a ☐ fraternal c ☐ monozygotic	b  dizygotic  d  brother and sister
10.	In the exhibition what is described	as the "life line" from the mother to the developing fetus?
	a ☐ uterus c ☐ umbilical cord	b

# **BODY WORLDS** & DAILY LIFE

Brieii	y describ	C you		•								
												_
Aftor	cooina th	o ovhih	sition w	ا ياصد الن	ha mar	o or loc	a likoky	to live	a haalt	hy lifoc	tula and	٦
After	seeing th	ne exhib	oition w	vill you	be mor	e or les	s likely	to live a	a healt	hy lifes	style and	d
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After	seeing th	ne exhib	oition w	vill you	be mor	e or les	s likely	to live a	a healt	hy lifes	style and	d -

# **SKELETAL SYSTEM**

- 1) b. ear
- 2) d. filtering harmful materials from the body
- 3) b. false (there are 27 bones controlled by 37 muscles)
- 4) b. 7 to 9 kg (15-20 pounds)
- 5) c. flat
- 6) a. true
- 7) c. 33
- 8) c. knee
- 9) d. hip and shoulder
- 10) d. a & b (over age of 50 and overweight)
- 11) c. both a & b since they refer to the same bones

# **MUSCULAR SYSTEM**

- 1) a. shortens
- 2) b. voluntary
- 3) a. true
- 4) b. 30
- 5) c. connect muscles to bones
- 6) a. they can be increased by 15-20%
- 7) c. Voluntary muscles can be controlled, while involuntary muscles cannot be.
- 8) d. thinking
- 9) a. true
- 10) answers will vary among students

# ANSWER KEY

# **NERVOUS SYSTEM**

- 1) a. central nervous system
- 2) b. 2% and 20%, respectively
- 3) c. brainstem
- 4) a. cerebrum
- 5) a. true
- 6) a. true
- 7) b. cerebrum
- 8) c. 400 km/h (250 mph)
- 9) c. from either the brain or spinal column
- 10) answers may vary but can include: exercise, playing a musical instrument, studying a language

### **RESPIRATORY SYSTEM**

- 1) b. pulmonary
- 2) c. 10-12
- 3) a. true
- 4) c. hormones
- 5) a. true
- 6) c. 300-450 million
- 7) a. alveoli
- 8) a. the larynx growing larger and thicker
- 9) c. 20%
- 10) d. 20 times more common

### **RESPIRATORY SYSTEM**

- 11) a. true
- 12) a. true
- 13) g. all of the above
- 14) c. Your left lung is larger than your right lung.

### **CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM**

- 1) c. 300 g (11 ounces)
- 2) d. 96.500 kilometres (60.000 miles) long
- 3) c. 17 million
- 4) b. false The skin is the biggest organ.
- 5) a. under 120/80 mmHg
- 6) b. false
- 7) d. all of the above
- 8) b. the lungs
- 9) a. true
- 10) a. true
- 11) Answers may include:
  Aneurysm (of the Abdominal Aorta), Arteriosclerosis.
  Infarct in the Apex of the Heart, Heart Hypertrophy,
  Hemorrhage due to a Heart Attack,
  arterial occlusive disease/"smoker's leg",
  Enlarged Heart (Cardiac Hypertrophy)
  Enlarged Spleen due to Leukemia
- 12) a. true
- 13) a. The pulmonary vein carries oxygen-rich blood to the heart.

# ANSWER KEY

# **DIGESTIVE SYSTEM & EXCRETORY SYSTEM**

- 1) b. 2 to 3 litres (4-6 pints)
- 2) c. the small intestine
- 3) d. all of the above
- 4) a. true
- 5) b. insulin and glucagon
- 6) b. false
- 7) c. skin
- 8) a. bile
- 9) c. fat
- 10) b. false
- 11) d. all of the above
- 12) a. true
- 13) d. fifteen times
- 14) a. about 4 cm (1,5 inches)

### **REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM & FETAL DEVELOPMENT**

- 1) c. 300 million
- 2) b. chestnut
- 3) c. breast
- 4) b. false All of a female's egg cells are present at birth.
- 5) c. all of the above
- 6) b. fetus

# **REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM & FETAL DEVELOPMENT**

- 7) d. all of the above
- 8) a. true
- 9) c. monozygotic
- 10) c. umbilical cord

# **BODY WORLDS & DAILY LIFE**

- 1) answers will differ
- 2) answers will differ